απολυτίκιον

Κυριακή, 30 Οκτωβρίου 2011 10:04 πμ

It must then refer to some particular class of troparia. Now, in the Greek Ritual, $\tau \rho o \pi \acute{a} \rho \iota o \nu$, when unaccompanied by a qualifying word or expression, means the proper troparion, that is, the troparion appropriate to some particular feast; in which acceptation it is called also $\mathring{a}\pi o \lambda v \tau \acute{\iota} \kappa \iota o \nu$, or $\tau \rho o \pi \acute{a} \rho \iota o \nu \tau \mathring{\eta} s \mathring{\eta} \mu \acute{e} \rho a s$. We are authorized, therefore, in assuming that the proper troparia for the church feasts celebrated in the fifth century were written by Anthimus and Timocles.

Saint Romanus is, according to his anonymous biographer, the author of the $\kappa o \nu - \tau d \kappa \iota a$; which can refer only to the kontakia for the church feasts kept when Romanus flourished; that is, about the close of the fifth century.¹²⁷

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