

νούμερα

Δευτέρα, 12 Νοεμβρίου 2012
10:36 πμ

Σημασία:

- Η φυλακή των νουμέρων στην Κ/πολη.

Εγκυκλοπαιδικά

númerō, āvi, ātum, 1, v. a. numerus,

I. *to count, reckon, number* (syn. *recenseo*).

I. Lit.: “*si singulos numeremus in singulas (civitates)*,” Cic. Rep. 3, 4, 7: ea, si ex reis numeres, innumerabilia sunt; “*si ex rebus, modica*,” id. de Or. 2, 32, 137:

“*numerare per digitos*,” Ov. F. 3, 123: “*votaque pro dominā vix numeranda facit*,” *that can hardly be counted, almost innumerable*, Tib. 4, 4, 12: “*amores*

divūm numerare,” Verg. G. 4, 347: “*pecus*,” id. E. 3, 34: “*viros*,” Sil. 7, 51:

“*milites*,” Luc. 3, 285: “*aureos voce digitisque numerare*,” Suet. Claud. 21:

“*numera sestertia qumque omnibus in rebus—numerentur deinde labores*,” Juv.

9, 41 sq.: *numera senatum*, said to the consul by a senator opposed to a bill, and

- who considered that there was not a quorum of senators present; like the phrase *to demand a call of the House*, Paul. ex Fest. p. 170 Müll.: “*ne quid ad senatum consule! aut numera*,” Cic. Att. 5, 4, 2 Orell. N. cr.: posset rem impedire, si, ut numerarentur, postularet, Cael. ap. Cic. Fam. 8, 11, 2 (cf. also Plin. Pan. 76).—In law, of days granted for deliberation, etc.: “*continui dies numerantur*,” Gai. Inst. 2, 173; cf.: “*tempus numeratur*,” id. ib. 2, 172.—

B. In partic., of money, *to count out, pay out, pay*: “*stipendium numerare militibus*,” Cic. Pis. 36, 88: “*pecuniam de suo*,” id. Att. 16, 16, A, § 5; id.

Fl. 19, 44; Nep. Ep. 3, 6: “*talenta*,” Suet. Caes. 4: “*aliquid usurae nomine*,” id. ib. 42: “*alicui pensionem*,” Liv. 29, 16: “*magnam pecuniam numerare*,” Caes. B. C. 3, 3.—Absol., Plaut. As. Perioch. 4.—

Numerus

Gr. νέμω, to distribute; cf.: *numa*, *nemus*, *nummus*,

I. a number.

I. Lit.

A. In gen.: “*illi octo cursus septem efficiunt distinctos intervallis sonos: qui numerus rerum omnium fere nodus est*,” Cic. Rep. 6, 18, 18; cf. Macr. Somn. Scip. 1, 6: “*duo hi numeri*,” Cic. Rep. 6, 12, 12: “*consummare perfectissimum numerum, quem novem novies multiplicata componunt*,” Sen. Ep. 58: “*numerumque referri Jussit*,” *that their number should be counted*, Verg. E. 6, 85; cf.: *numerus argenteorum facilior usui est*, the counting, reckoning. Tac. G. 5 fin.: *sed neque quam multae species, nec nomina quae sint Est numerus; neque enim numero comprehendere refert*,” cannot be counted, Verg. G. 2, 104: “*eorumque nummorum vis et potestas non in numero erat, sed in pondere*,” Gai. Inst. 1, 122.—

B. In partic.

1. A certain collective quantity, a body, number of persons or things: *tunc deinceps proximi cuiusque collegii ... in sortem coicerentur, quoad is numerus effectus esset, quem ad numerum in provincias mitti oporteret*, S. C. ap. Cic. Fam. 8, 8, 8: “*haec in Aeduorum finibus recensebantur numerusque inibatur*,” Caes. B. G. 7, 76; Liv. 38, 22: “*eum clavum, quia rarae per ea tempora litterae erant, notam numeri annorum fuisse ferunt*,” Liv. 7, 3: “*Pompilius ad pristinum numerum duo augures addidit*,” Cic. Rep. 2, 14, 26: “*haec enim sunt tria numero*,” *in number, altogether*, id. de Or. 2, 28, 121: “*classis mille numero navium*,” Cic. Verr. 2, 1, 18, § 48: “*oppida sua omnia, numero ad duodecim, incidunt*,” Caes. B. G. 1, 5: “*ad duorum milium numero ex Pompeianis cecidisse reperiebamus*,” id. B. C. 3, 53: *reliqui omnes, numero quadraginta, interfecti*, Sall. J. 53, 4; cf. id. ib. 93, 8: “*cum magnus piratarum numerus deesset*,” Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 28, § 72: “*ad eorum numerum*,” *to the full number of them*, id. ib. 2, 5, 28, § 73; id. Q. Fr. 2, 13; Caes. B. G. 5, 20: “*si naves suum numerum haberent*,” Cic. Verr. 2, 5, 51, § 133: “*supra numerum*,” *superfluous*, Suet. Ner. 15; id. Claud. 25: “*magnus numerus frumenti*,” *a great quantity*, Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 72, § 176; cf. id. Planc. 26, 64; Caes. B. C. 2, 18: “*vini*,” Cic. Phil. 2, 28, 66; so without an adj., like the Engl. *number*, for a great number: “*est (in eādem provinciā) numerus civium Romanorum atque hominum honestissimorum*,” id. Font. 5, 13 (1, 3): “*plures numero tūti*,”

Tac. A. 14, 49 fin.: "sed illos Defendit numerus," Juv. 2, 46; cf. Verg. E. 7, 52: "latet in numero virtus," Sil. 1, 323.—

2. In plur.: numeri, the mathematics, astronomy: "ut a sacerdotibus barbaris numeros et caelestia acciperet," Cic. Fin. 5, 29, 87: "Thales hoc etiam numeris inquirit et astris," Sid. 15, 79: "numerisque sequentibus astra," Stat. Th. 4, 411. —Rarely in sing., Claud. Cons. Mall. 130.—

3. In milit. lang., a division of the army, a troop, band (post-Aug.): "sparsi per provinciam numeri," Tac. Agr. 18; cf.: "plena urbs exercitu insolito: multi ad hoc numeri e Germaniā ac Britanniā," id. H. 1, 6: "nondum distributi in numeros erant," Plin. Ep. 10, 29 (38), 2: "revocare ad officium numeros," Suet. Vesp. 6: "militares numeri," cohorts, Amm. 14, 7, 19: "in numeris esse," to be enrolled, Dig. 29, 1, 43; cf. ib. 29, 1, 38; Claud. Epith. Pall. et Celer. 86; Inscr. Grut. 1096. —

4. Like the Gr. **ἀριθμός**, a mere number, opp. to quality, worth: "nos numerus sumus et fruges consumere nati," we are mere numbers, ciphers, Hor. Ep. 1, 2, 27; cf. Juv. 2, 46 supra.—

5. In gram., a number (singular, plural, dual), Varr. L. L. 9, § 65 sq. Müll.; Quint. 1, 4, 27; 1, 5, 42; 47; 1, 6, 25 et saep. —

C. Transf., poet., dice (marked with numbers): "seu ludet numerosque manu jactabit eburnos," Ov. A. A. 2, 203: "et modo tres jactet numeros," id. ib. 3, 355; cf. Suet. Tib. 14, 2.—

II. Trop., number, rank, place, position, estimation, relation, class, category (cf.: "nomen, locus, in loco, in vicem): me adscribe talem (i. e. talium) in numerum," Cic. Phil. 2, 13, 33: "in illo antiquorum hominum numero reponi," Cic. Verr. 2, 3, 90, § 210: "in deorum numero haberri," id. N. D. 3, 19, 48: "reponere," id. ib. 3, 3, 21: "referre," id. ib. 3, 1, 12: "numero beatorum aliquem eximere," Hor. C, 2, 2, 18: "si quo in numero illud, quod per similitudinem affertur, et quo in loco illud, cuius causā affertur, haberri conveniat, ostendetur," Cic. Inv. 2, 50, 151; Cic. Verr. 2, 2, 54, § 134: "ex hoc numero hunc esse," id. Arch. 7, 16: "parentis numero alicui esse," id. Div. in Caecil. 19, 61 sq.: "in hostium numero habere aliquem," Caes. B. G. 1, 28: "ducere in numero hostium," id. ib. 6, 32: "hujus originis apud veteres numerus erat exilis," Amm. 23, 6, 35: in numero esse, to be of the number of, to be reckoned among, to be any thing, Lucr. 5, 180: "Q. Aelius Tubero fuit illo tempore nullo in oratorum numero," Cic. Brut. 31, 117: "sine actione summus orator esse in numero nullo potest," id. de Or. 3, 56, 213: "quo sunt in numero Curiosolites, etc.," Caes. B. G. 7, 75, 4; 3, 7, 2; Nep. Att. 1, 4: "quo in numero ego sum," Cic. Fam. 13, 23, 1; Caes. B. C. 2, 44, 3; 3, 53, 2: "qui in eo numero fuisset," Cic. Phil. 2, 11, 25; id. Fl. 4, 9; id. Fam. 7, 6, 1: "quo in numero hi quoque fuerunt," Liv. 39, 36 fin.— Without in: "ut civium numero simus," Liv. 4, 4, 12; 7, 30, 19; 30, 42, 9; 4, 56, 11; "36, 35, 9: aliquem hostium numero habere," Caes. B. G. 6, 6, 3; id. B. C. 3, 82, 3; id. B. G. 6, 21, 2: "qui hostium numero non sunt," Cic. Phil. 13, 5, 11; id. Brut. 20, 78: "aliquo numero esse," to be of some repute, id. Fam. 1, 10; Caes. B. G. 6, 13, 1; cf. Cic. Or. 62, 208; id. de Or. 3, 9, 33: "Bambalio quidam, homo nullo numero," of no account, Cic. Phil. 3, 6, 16: "numerum aliquem obtinere," id. Brut. 47, 175.—

B. A part of a whole, member, category: "omnes numeros virtutis continet," Cic. Fin. 3, 7, 24: "varium et elegans omni fere numero poëma," id. Ac. 1, 3, 9: "mundus perfectus expletusque omnibus suis numeris atque partibus," id. N. D. 2, 13, 37: "animalia imperfecta suisque Trunca vident numeris," Ov. M. 1, 427; 7, 126: "quid omnibus numeris praestantius?" Quint. 10, 1, 91: "liber numeris omnibus absolutus," Plin. Ep. 9, 38; cf. of the days of the month: luna alternis mensibus XXX. implebit numeros, alternis vero detrahet singulos, Plin. 18, 32, 75, § 325.—Hence, omnium numerorum esse, to be complete, perfect, Petr. 68: "puer omnium numerūm," id. ib. 63. And, on the contrary: "deesse numeris suis," to be deficient, Ov. Am. 3, 8, 11.—

C. Order: "quaecumque in foliis descripsit carmina virgo, Digerit in numerum," Verg. A. 3, 446.—

D. An office, duty, part: "ad numeros exige quidque suos," Ov. R. Am. 372: "Veneri numeros eripere suos," id. H. 4, 88; id. Am. 3, 7, 18; cf. id. ib. 3, 7, 26: "verae numeros modosque ediscere vitae," Hor. Ep. 2, 2, 143.—

E. Musical measure, time, rhythm, harmony, numbers: "in numerum exsultant," Lucr. 2, 631: "in musicis numeri, et voces et modi, etc.," Cic. de Or. 1, 42, 187; Quint. 9, 4, 126: "histrio si paulum se movet extra numerum," Cic. Par. 3, 2, 26; Quint. 12, 2, 12: "sit igitur hoc cognitum, in solutis etiam verbis inesse numeros," Cic. Or. 56, 190: "Isocrates verbis solutis numeros primus adjunxit," id. ib. 52, 174: "in solutā oratione ... modum tamen et numerum quendam oportere servari," id. Brut. 8, 32: "multum interest, utrum numerosa sit, id est similis numerorum, an plane e numeris constet oratio," id. Or. 65, 220: "redigere omnes fere in quadrum numerumque sententias," id. ib. 61, 208.—Hence, quamvis nil extra numerum fecisse modumque Curas, nothing out of measure, improper, Hor. Ep. 1, 18, 59.—

2. A measure, number, in poetry: "nam cum sint numeri plures, iambum et trochaeum frequentem segregat ab oratore Aristoteles," Cic. de Or. 3, 47, 182; id. Or. 64, 215: "numeris nectere verba," Ov. P. 4, 2, 30; 4, 2, 5: "numeros memini, si verba tenerem," i. e. the tune, Verg. E. 9, 45: "numerisque fertur Lege solutis," Hor. C. 4, 2, 11.—

3. A verse, in gen. (poet.): "arma gravi numero violentaque bella parabam Edere," i. e. verses in heroic metre, Ov. Am. 1, 1, 1: "impares," i. e. elegiac verses, id. ib. 3, 1, 37.—Hence, nūmērō (abl.), adverb., lit., measured according to number or time, i. e. precisely, exactly, just (only ante-class.; freq. in Plautus; not found in Ter. or Lucr.).

A. Just, precisely, at the right time, on the instant: numero mihi in mentem fuit. Plaut. Am. 1, 1, 25: neminem vidi, qui numero sciret, quod scitu est opus, Naev. ap. Fest. p. 170 Müll.—

B. Quickly, rapidly, soon: “numero significat cito,” Non. 352, 16 sq.: “(apes) si quando displicatae sunt, cymbalis et plausibus numero reducunt in locum unum,” Varr. R. R. 3, 16, 7. —With nimis: perfalsum et abs te creditum numero nimis, too quickly, too soon, Afran. ap. Paul. ex Fest. p. 170 Müll.: numquam nimis numero quemquam vidi facere, quam facto est opus, Turp. ap. Non. 352, 20.—

2. In a bad sense, too quickly, too hastily, too soon: “Menaechme, numero huc advenis ad prandium: Nunc opsonatu redeo,” Plaut. Men. 2, 2, 13: “numero dicis,” id. Cas. 3, 5, 28; id. Mil. 5, 1, 6: “ο Apella, ο Zeuxis pictor, Cur numero estis mortui, hinc exemplum ut pingeretis?” why have you died too soon? id. Poen. 5, 4, 102; Afran. ap. Non. 352, 26; id. ap. Paul. ex Fest. I. I.

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Ετυμολογία:

νοητούμια³ ἐκάλεσε. Τὸ δεσμωτήριον τὸ νούμερον καὶ τὰ ὄρυγ-
• ματα οἱ ὑπόνομοι ἀπὸ τοῦ Νουμᾶ τοῦ βασιλέως ὄνομάζονται,
ώς πρώτου ἐπινοησαμένου αὐτά.

Anecdota graeca e codd. manuscriptis Bibliothecae regiae parisienses: Excerpta historica et chronologica 351.392 [400]

Εικόνες

Φράσεις

Παροιμίες

Παραδείγματα

Αναφορές

Τεχνη

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Πεζογραφία:

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Ποίηση

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